Creativity is in the eye of the beholder, that is, it involves an aesthetic judgment. However, there is no agreement on the categories in the mind of observers that enable them to recognize it, especially in widely differing domains such as fine art versus natural science. Concentration on socially useful products offers promise of a set of indicators that could be applied across domains: These include diagnosis, generation, and similar properties. Such indicators can be recognized with a substantial level of agreement by different observers, and can be used to judge both amount and kind of creativity.

The world is changing so rapidly now that just learning a specific skill set and following it exactly won’t get us very far. What prepares students for life beyond the classroom is learning how to be more creative, which includes flexibility in perception and execution of tasks.

Courses in creativity are now provided by academia because it is now common knowledge that only creativity can help students succeed in the 21st century.

Creativity is no longer relegated in the classroom to subjects like Sinhala, English, art, or music. Teachers and professors are beginning to emphasize creativity in the sciences, as well.

History is such an important subject and plays a very vital role when it comes to shaping of our society. History is the study of past events. We refer to the past when comparing it with the present times and deduce the changes that have taken place. These actions of the past also shape our future actions. Therefore, history plays a vital role in preparing us for the future. Also when we forget the past you can’t go further. That’s the absolute truth. If we remodeled the original versions such like old songs get remixed and produce a new melody song by affecting the uniqueness of it.

One new study explores music as a source of creativity. Since music has been shown to improve cognition and enhance learning and memory in other studies, it makes sense that perhaps it has an impact on creative thinking, too. In the experiment, participants tried creativity exercises that measured divergent or convergent thinking while being exposed to either silence (the control scenario) or classical music that evoked four distinct emotional states: happy, calm, sad, or anxious. Also model music models like pop, Latin pop, R&B can enhance the creativity in our life.