

Redmine - Feature #35839

API: Unable to distinguish between user and group, for the assigned_to field

2021-09-02 14:40 - Aed Art

Status:	New	Start date:	
Priority:	Normal	Due date:	
Assignee:		% Done:	0%
Category:	REST API	Estimated time:	0.00 hour
Target version:			
Resolution:			

Description

The `assigned_to` field for the `issues` resource, and the `default_assignee` for the `projects` resource return either a reference to an existing user or a group.

Yet, it's not possible to distinguish whether it is one or the other - at least not an easy one via the API.

Developers might have to perform additional requests to be API, in hopes of being able to determine if it's user reference or a group. This might not be as easy as it sounds. You only have the name to match against, which depending on display setting, a user's name will be outputted differently in the reference, making it a bit frustrating attempting to compare against.

Furthermore, there is always a change that a group shares the same id as a user (*do not have enough understanding of the database schema*)?

Possible Solution

Add a new property to the `assigned_to` and `default_assignee` references, indicating exactly it's type.

E.g:

```
{
  "assigned_to": {
    "id": 1234,
    "name": "Development Group",
    "type": 'group',
  }
}

{
  "default_assignee": {
    "id": 1234,
    "name": "James T. Brandon Jr.",
    "type": 'user',
  }
}
```

History

#1 - 2021-09-02 23:37 - Mischa The Evil

- Category changed from Plugin API to REST API

Just two notes:

Aed Art wrote:

[...]

You only have the name to match against, [...]

AFAIK you'll also get its id.

Furthermore, there is always a change that a group shares the same id as a user [...]

I don't think that can happen.

Nevertheless, I agree that there should be a way for an API-user to determine what kind of Principal they are given.

#2 - 2021-09-06 19:16 - Holger Just

- *Tracker changed from Defect to Feature*

Furthermore, there is always a chance that a group shares the same id as a user (do not have enough understanding of the database schema)?

Users and groups are both stored in the same database table users. Thus each principal (user or group) has a unique ID by definition.

Mischa The Evil wrote:

Nevertheless, I agree that there should be a way for an API-user to determine what kind of Principal they are given.

I agree. For the author and assignees, we should distinguish three cases:

- regular user
- anonymous user
- group

Adding it to the API responses of most objects which have user references (e.g. issues, watchers, wiki pages, news, boards, ...) would probably be a good idea to make it easier to get additional information about the references user (e.g. to decide whether to use /users/ID.json or /groups/ID.json).

Maybe we could just add a hard-coded `Principal#api_type` (or similar) method for the various Principal sub-classes and use this method in the API views the same way we currently use `principal#name` there.